

BACHELOR'S DEGREE  
**GEOCHEMISTRY**  
 2<sup>ND</sup> YEAR OF STUDY, 2<sup>ND</sup> SEMESTER

COURSE TITLE	<b>IGNEOUS PETROLOGY</b>			
COURSE CODE	31020030020SL1112223			
COURSE TYPE	full attendance			
COURSE LEVEL	1 <sup>ST</sup> cycle (bachelor's degree)			
YEAR OF STUDY, SEMESTER	2 <sup>nd</sup> year of study, 2 <sup>nd</sup> semester			
NUMBER OF ECTS CREDITS	6			
NUMBER OF HOURS PER WEEK	4 (2 lecture hours + 2 seminar hours)			
NAME OF LECTURE HOLDER	Assistant Professor Andrei Buzatu			
NAME OF SEMINAR HOLDER	Assistant Professor Andrei Buzatu			
PREREQUISITES	Mineralogy			
<b>A</b>	<b>GENERAL AND COURSE-SPECIFIC COMPETENCES</b>			
	<p><b>General competences:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Effectively using additional scholarly sources and assisted learning resources in order to devise a research paper on a topic pertaining to the academic discipline</li> </ul> <p><b>Course-specific competences:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Identifying, describing and defining the main groups of igneous rocks in relation to the geological processes that generate them</li> <li>→ Appropriately using the instrumental methods necessary for the quantitative and qualitative evaluation of igneous rocks</li> <li>→ Appropriately employing the information acquired so as to explain and interpret the igneous processes involved in rock formation</li> </ul>			
<b>B</b>	<b>LEARNING OUTCOMES</b>			
	<p>Upon completing the discipline, students become capable of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ describing the main groups of igneous rocks and the minerals that enter their composition;</li> <li>→ explaining the genesis of igneous rocks</li> <li>→ using petrogenetic diagrams</li> <li>→ analyzing igneous rocks both macroscopically and microscopically</li> <li>→ calculating mineralogical compositions based on chemical analyses of major elements, so as to use ternary diagrams</li> <li>→ understanding the building of phase diagrams with 2-3 or 4 components and their role in the study of igneous rocks</li> </ul>			
<b>C</b>	<b>LECTURE CONTENT</b>			
	Week	Title of lecture	Teaching methods	Duration
	1	Introduction. Magmas. The physico-chemical properties of magmas	Lecture based on video projection	4h; Buzgar, 2009; Hall, 1996

2	The evolution of magmas: the differentiation between crystal-liquid, liquid-liquid and liquid-vapors	Lecture based on video projection	4h; Buzgar, 2009; Hall, 1996
3	Magma consolidation. Experimental systems with 2 components	Lecture based on video projection	4h; Buzgar, 2009; Hall, 1996
4	Magma consolidation. Igneous systems with 3 components	Lecture based on video projection	6h; Buzgar, 2009; Hall, 1996
5	Magma consolidation. Igneous systems with 4 components	Lecture based on video projection	1h; Buzgar, 2009; Hall, 1996
6	The influence of pressure upon magma crystallization	Lecture based on video projection	3h; Buzgar, 2009; Hall, 1996
7	Igneous ores	Lecture based on video projection	3h; Buzgar, 2009; Hall, 1996
8	The systematics and nomenclature of igneous rocks	Lecture based on video projection	3h; Buzgar, 2009; Hall, 1996

#### D RECOMMENDED READING FOR LECTURES

##### Main references:

**Buzgar N. (2009)** *Petrologie magmatică*. Ed. Tehnopres, Iași.

**Hall A. (1996)** *Igneous Petrology* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Prentice Hall, Harlow.

##### Additional references:

**Carmichael I. S. E., Turner F. J., Verhoogen J. (1974)** *Igneous Petrology*. McGraw-Hill, New York.

**Clarke D. B. (1993)** *Granitoid Rocks*. Chapman & Hall, London.

**LeMaitre R. W. ( ed.) (1989)** *A Classification of Igneous Rocks and Glossary of Terms: Recommendations of the International Union of Geological Sciences, Subcommittee on the Systematics of Igneous Rocks*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

**Pitcher W. S. (1997)** *The Nature and Origin of Granite* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed). Chapman & Hall, London.

**Winter D. J. (2001)** *An Introduction to Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology*. Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

#### E SEMINAR CONTENT

Week	Title of seminar	Teaching methods	Duration
1	Minerals in igneous rocks	Video projection, observation/analysis of thin sections	2 hours; electron microscope
2	The structure of igneous rocks	Video projection, observation/analysis of thin sections	2 hours; electron microscope
3	The granite family	Video projection, observation/analysis of thin	2 hours; electron microscope and samples

	4	The granodiorite family	sections and samples Video projection, observation/analysis of thin sections and samples	2 hours; electron microscope and samples
	5	The diorite-andesite family	Video projection, observation/analysis of thin sections and samples	2 hours; electron microscope and samples
	6	The syenite-trachyte family	Assessment based on thin sections and samples	2 hours; electron microscope and samples
	7	The basalt-gabbro family	Video projection, observation/analysis of thin sections and samples	2 hours; electron microscope and samples
	8	The foid-bearing syenite-phonolite family	Video projection, observation/analysis of thin sections and samples	2 hours; electron microscope and samples
	9	Fieldwork	Observation/analysis of samples in the field	2 hours; macroscopic samples
	10	Fieldwork	Observation/analysis of samples in the field	2 hours; macroscopic samples
	11	Fieldwork	Observation/analysis of samples in the field	2 hours; macroscopic samples
	12	The foidite-pholidolite family	Observation/analysis of thin sections and samples	2 hours; electron microscope and samples
	13	Ultrabasic rocks	Observation/analysis of thin sections and samples	2 hours; electron microscope and samples
	14	Calculation of QAP parameters. Tectono-magmatic diagrams	Lecture and case studies	2 hours; geochemical diagrams
F	RECOMMENDED READING FOR SEMINARS			
	<b>Buzgar N. (2009) <i>Petrologie magmatică</i>. Ed. Tehnopres, Iași.</b> <b>Hall A. (1996) <i>Igneous Petrology</i> (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Prentice Hall, Harlow.</b>			
G	EDUCATION STYLE			
LEARNING AND TEACHING METHODS	Lecture based on video projection, observation/analysis of thin sections and samples, case studies			
ASSESSMENT METHODS	Continuous assessment (35%) and exam (30%) (lecture) – 65%, continuous assessment and paper presentation (seminar) – 30%			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	English			